Data Evaluation Report on the Acute Toxicity of DPX-MAT28 Technical

Synonyms DPX-MAT28, Aminocyclopyrachlor

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(Aminocyclop	byrachlor Acid) to Fish (Cyprin on Number {}	•
Data Requiremo	PMRA Data Code EPA DP Barcode OECD Data Point EPA MRID EPA Guideline	{} D358148 {
Test material: Common name: Chemical name:	DPX-MAT28 Technical Aminocyclopyrachlor Acid Technical IUPAC 6-Amino-5-chloro-2-cyclopro CAS name 6-Amino-5-chloro-2-cyclop 6-Amino-5-chloro-2-cyclop CAS No. 858956-08-8	

Primary Reviewer: John Marton Staff Scientist, Cambridge Environmental, Inc.	Signature: Date: 07/03/09
Primary Reviewer: Teri S. Myers Senior Scientist, Cambridge Environmental, Inc.	Signature: Eu S Mynn Date: 07/20/09
Primary Reviewer: Anita Ullagaddi EPA/OPP/EFED/ERB1	Signature: Date: 10/06/09
Reference/Submission No.: {}	

EPA PC Code None

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Company Code

Use Site Category:

Active Code

Date Evaluation Completed: 10/06/09

CITATION: Gallagher, S.P., T.Z. Kendall and H.O. Krueger. 2008. DPX-MAT28 Technical: A 96-Hour Static Acute Toxicity Test with the Sheepshead Minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus). Unpublished study performed by Wildlife International, Ltd., Easton, MD. Laboratory report number 112A-237. Study sponsored by E.I. du Pont de Nemours and Company, Wilmington, DE. Study completed March 19, 2008.

DISCLAIMER: This document provides guidance for EPA and PMRA reviewers on how to complete a data evaluation record after reviewing a scientific study concerning the acute toxicity of a pesticide to fish. It is not intended to prescribe conditions to any external party for conducting this study nor to establish absolute criteria regarding the assessment of whether the study is scientifically sound and whether the study satisfies any applicable data requirements. Reviewers are expected to review and to determine for each study, on a case-by-case basis, whether it is scientifically sound and provides sufficient information to satisfy applicable data requirements. Studies that fail to meet any of the conditions may be accepted, if appropriate; similarly, studies that meet all of the conditions may be rejected, if appropriate. In sum, the reviewer is to take into account the totality of factors related to the test methodology and results in determining the acceptability of the study.

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EPA MRID Number 47560125

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

In a 96-h acute toxicity limit test, sheepsphead minnow (*Cyprinodon variegatus*) were exposed to DPX-MAT28 Technical (Aminocyclopyrachlor acid) at nominal concentrations of 0 (negative control) and 120 mg ai/L under static conditions; mean-measured concentrations were <0.0294 (<LOD; control) and 129 mg ai/L. The 96-h LC_{50} was >129 mg ai/L. The EC₅₀ and NOAEC values, based on a complete lack of mortality and sub-lethal effects, were >129 and 129 mg ai/L, respectively. Based on the results of this study, DPX-MAT28 Technical would be classified as practically non-toxic to *Cyprinodon variegatus* in accordance with the classification system of the U.S. EPA.

This toxicity study is scientifically sound and classified as acceptable. It satisfies the guideline requirement for an acute estuarine/marine fish toxicity study.

Results Synopsis

Test Organism Size/Age(mean weight or length): mean wet weight- 0.18 (0.13-0.26) g; mean total length- 2.2 (1.9-2.5) cm

Test Type (Flow-through, Static, Static Renewal): Static

LC₅₀: >129 mg ai/L

95% C.I.: N/A

NOAEC: 129 mg ai/L

Probit Slope: N/A

EC₅₀: >129 mg ai/L

95% C.I.: N/A

Endpoint(s) Affected: None

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I. MATERIALS AND METHODS

GUIDELINE FOLLOWED:

This study was conducted following guidelines outlined in the OECD Guideline for Testing of Chemicals, 203, Fish Acute Toxicity Test; and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Series 850- Ecological Effects Test Guidelines, OPPTS Number 850.1075, Fish Acute Toxicity Test, Freshwater and Marine (draft); ASTM Standard E729-96: Standard Guide

for Conducting Acute Toxicity Tests on Test Materials with Fishes,
Macroinvertebrates and Amphibians; and U.S. Environmental Protection
Agency, Standard Evaluation Procedure, Acute Toxicity Test for Estuarine
and Marine Organisms. The following deviation from OPPT\$ 850.1075

was noted:

The TOC, particulate matter and hardness of the dilution water were not reported.

This deviation does not impact the scientific soundness or acceptability of the study.

COMPLIANCE:

Signed and dated No Data Confidentiality, GLP and Quality Assurance statements were provided. This study was conducted in compliance with the U.S. EPA Good Laboratory Practice Standards (40 CFR Parts 160 and 792) that are consistent with: OECD Principles of Good Laboratory Practice (ENV/MC/CHEM (98) 17); and Japan MAFF (11 NohSan, Notification No. 6283, Agricultural Production Bureau, 1 October 1999), with the exception that the periodic analyses of well water for potential contaminants were performed using a certified laboratory and standard U.S. EPA analytical methods.

A. MATERIALS:

1. Test material

DPX-MAT28 Technical (Aminocyclopyrachlor)

Description:

Solid

Lot No./Batch No.:

DMP-MAT28-009

Purity:

92.2%

Stability of compound

under test conditions:

Stable. The single treatment level yielded an overall recovery of 108% of

nominal.

(OECD recommends water solubility, stability in water and light, pKa, Pow, and vapor pressure of test compound)

Storage conditions of

test chemicals:

Stored at ambient temperature.

Physicochemical properties of DPX-MAT28 Technical.

Parameter	Values	Comments
Water solubility at 20EC	Not Reported	

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Parameter	Values	Comments
Vapor pressure	Not Reported	
UV absorption	Not Reported	
pKa	Not Reported	
Kow	Not Reported	

2. Test organism:

Species:

Sheepshead Minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus) EPA recommends a cold water species (preferably rainbow trout Oncorhynchus mykiss) and a warm water species (preferably bluegill sunfish Lepomis macrochirus). OECD recommends choice of

species at discretion of testing laboratory.

Age at test initiation:

Weight at study initiation: Length at study initiation: Juvenile mean wet weight- 0.18 (0.13-0.26) g EPA recommends: mean 0.5 - 5 g. mean total length- 2.2 (1.9-2.5) cm EPA recommends: Longest not > 2x

shortest; OECD recommends 2.0 \forall 1.0 cm for bluegill and 5.0 \forall 1.0 cm for

rainbow trout

Source:

Aquatic BioSystems, Inc., Fort Collins, Colorado. *EPA recommends that all organisms be from the same source*

B. STUDY DESIGN:

1. Experimental Conditions

a. Range-finding study: The nominal concentration was selected based upon exploratory range-finding results and in consultation with the study sponsor; no details pertaining to the range-finding trial was provided.

b. Limit Test

Table 1: Experimental Parameters

Parameter	Details	Remarks		
T arameter	Domins	Criteria		
Acclimation Period:	At least 14 days	The recommended acclimation period is		
Conditions: (same as test or not)	Same as test	a minimum of 14 days; OECD guideline recommends a minimum of 12 days.		
Feeding:	Fish were fed daily with a commercially-prepared diet (Ziegler Brothers, Inc., Gardners, Pennsylvania) and/or live or frozen brine shrimp (Artemia sp.) nauplii; fish were not fed for at least two days prior to testing.	Pretest mortality should be $< 3\%$ 48 h. prior to testing. OECD pretest mortality criteria: $>10\%$ = rejection of entire batch; ≥ 5 and $\leq 10\%$ = continued acclimation for 7 days; $<5\%$ = acceptable.		
Health: (any mortality observed)	No signs of stress were observed 14 days prior to testing and no mortality occurred during the 7 days prior to testing.			

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Parameter	Details	Remarks		
		Criteria		
Duration of the test	96 hours			
		The recommended test duration is 96 hours.		
Test condition				
Static/flow-through	Static	A reproducible supply of toxicant is recommended. Consistent flow rate is		
Type of dilution system - for flow-through method.	N/A	usually 5-10 vol/24 hours, meter systems should be calibrated before and after study and checked twice daily during test period.		
Renewal rate for static renewal	N/A			
Aeration, if any	None reported			
		Aeration is not recommended; OECD guideline recommends aeration. If aeration is necessary, test solutions must be analyzed periodically to verify exposure.		
Test vessel				
Material: (glass/stainless steel) Size:	Stainless steel 25 L	Test vessel size is usually 19 L (5 gal) or 30 x 60 x 30 cm. Fill volume is usually 15-30 L of solution.		
Fill volume:	20 L			
Source of dilution water Quality:	Water was collected at Indian River Inlet, Delaware and was filtered and diluted to a salinity of approximately 20% with well water. Water was passed through a sand filter, stored in a large storage tank and aerated with spray nozzles. The water was then filtered to 0.45 μ m to remove fine particles prior to use in the test.	Recommended source of dilution water is soft, reconstituted water or water from a natural source. EPA does not recommend the use of dechlorinated tap water; however, its use may be supportable if the biological responses for the organisms and chemical analyses of residual chlorine meet conditions in the Agency=s 850.1010 guidelines for dilution water		
		(http://www.epa.gov/opptsfrs/OPPTS_H armonized/850_Ecological_Effects_Test _Guidelines/Draft/850.1010.pdf) Dilution water should be intensely aerated before the study. OECD permits dechlorinated tap water.		

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Parameter	Details	Remarks	
1 ai ametei	Domins	Criteria	
Water parameters: Hardness	Not reported		
pН	7.0-8.2	Hardness:	
Dissolved oxygen	≥7.1 mg/L (≥91% saturation)	EPA recommends 40 - 48 mg/L as CaCO ₃ (OECD recommends 10 - 250 mg/L)	
Total Organic carbon	Not Reported	<u>pH</u> : EPA recommends 7.2 - 7.6; 8.0-8.3 for	
Particulate Matter	Not Reported	marine-stenohaline fishes, 7.7-8.0 for estuarine-euryhaline fishes, monthly	
Metals	See Reviewer's Comments	range < 0.8); (OECD recommends pH 6.0 - 8.5)	
Pesticides	None Detected	Dissolved Oxygen: EPA recommends: Static: 360% during first 48 hrs and 340% during second 48	
Chlorine	4.8 mg/L (Chloride)	hrs; flow-through: 360%; (OECD guideline recommends at least 80%	
Temperature	21.2-22.5°C	saturation value). Temperature:	
{Salinity for marine or estuarine species}	20‰	EPA recommends 12 EC for coldwater species, 17 or 22 EC for warmwater species, and 22 ± 1 EC for	
Intervals of water quality measurement	Temperature, DO and pH were measured in every test vessel at test initiation and every 24 hours thereafter. Temperature was also measured continuously in the	estuarine/marine organisms. (OECD recommends 21 - 25°C for bluegill and 13 - 17°C for rainbow trout). Salinity: EPA recommends 30-34% (parts per thousand) for marine, 10-17% for estuarine fish, weekly range < 6%.	
	negative control. Salinity was measured at test initiation.	Water quality should be measured at beginning of test and every 48 hours.	
Number of replicates/groups: control: solvent control: treated ones:	1 N/A 3	Recommended number of replicates include a control and five treatment levels with 2 replicates per level. Each concentration should be 60% of the next highest concentration; concentrations should be in a geometric series.	
Number of organisms per replicate/groups: control: solvent control: treated ones:	10 N/A 10	Number of organisms per replicate should be 310/concentration; OECD guideline recommends at least 7 fish/concentration.	

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Parameter	Details	Remarks Criteria		
1 at ameter	Details			
Biomass loading rate	0.09 g fish/L			
		Recommended static conditions are #0.8 g/L at #17EC and #0.5 g/L at > 17EC. Recommended flow-through conditions		
		are #1 g/L/day. OECD recommends a maximum of 1 g fish/L for static and semi-static, while higher rates are recommended for flow-through.		
Test concentrations: nominal:	0 (negative control) and 120 mg ai/L			
measured:	<0.0294 (<lod; 129="" ai="" and="" control)="" l<="" mg="" td=""><td></td></lod;>			
Solvent (type, percentage, if used)	N/A; a solvent was not used			
		The solvent should not exceed 0.5 ml/L for static tests or 0.1 ml/L for flow-through tests; OECD recommends that the solvent not exceed 100 mg/L.		
Lighting	16L:8D with a 30 minute transition period of low-light intensity	Light intensity at test initiation was 155 lux at the surface of the water of one representative test chamber.		
		The recommended photo period is 16 hours of light and 8 hours of dark with a 15-30 minute transition period. OECD recommends a photo period of 12-16 hours.		
Feeding	Fish were not fed during the study			
		Fish should not feed during the study.		
Recovery of chemical Frequency of determination Level of quantization Level of detection	0 and 96 hours 4.00 mg ai/L 0.0294 mg ai/L			
Positive control {if used, indicate the chemical and concentrations}	N/A; a positive control was not used			
Other parameters, if any	None reported			

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2. Observations:

Table 2: Observations

Parameter	Details Remarks		
Tarameter	Details	Criteria	
Parameters measured including the sublethal effects/toxicity symptoms	-mortality -sub-lethal effects		
Observation intervals	Observations were made after 4.5,		
	24, 48, 72 and 96 hours of exposure	Observation intervals should be a minimum of every 24 hours.	
Were raw data included?	Yes		
Other observations, if any	None reported		

II. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION:

A. MORTALITY:

No mortalities occurred in the control or treatment groups resulting in NOAEC and LC₅₀ values of 129 and >129 mg ai/L, respectively.

Table 3: Effect of DPX-MAT28 Technical on Mortality of Cyprinodon variegatus.

Mean-Measured and	No. of	Observation Period					
(Nominal) Concentrations	Fish at		Day 1		Day 3		Day 4
mg ai/L	Start of Study	No Dead	% Mortality	No Dead	% Mortality	No Dead	% Mortality
Negative Control	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Replicate A: 129 (120)	10	0	0	0	0_	0	0
Replicate B: 129 (120)	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Replicate C: 129 (120)	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
NOAEC		129 mg ai/L					
LC ₅₀	:	>129 mg ai/L					
Positive control, if used mortality: LC ₅₀ :	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

N/A- Not Applicable

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B. NON-LETHAL TOXICITY ENDPOINTS:

All control and treatment fish appeared normal and healthy throughout the definitive exposure period.

Table 4: Sub-lethal Effect of DPX-MAT28 Technical on Cyprinodon variegatus.

Mean-Measured and	Observation Period				
(Nominal) Concentrations	Endpoints- Day 1	Endpoints- Day 3	Endpoints- Day 4 % Affected		
mg ai/L	% Affected	% Affected			
Negative Control	A.N.	A.N.	A.N.		
Replicate A: 129 (120)	A.N.	A.N.	A.N.		
Replicate B: 129 (120)	A.N.	A.N.	A.N.		
Replicate C: 129 (120)	A.N.	A.N.	A.N.		
NOAEC -	- 129 mg ai/L				
LOAEC	>129 mg ai/L				
EC ₅₀		>1229 mg ai/L			
Positive control, if used % sublethal effect: EC ₅₀ :	N/A	N/A	N/A		

A.N.- All fish appeared normal and healthy

N/A- Not applicable

C. REPORTED STATISTICS:

All toxicity values were visually determined due to a lack of mortality.

D. VERIFICATION OF STATISTICAL RESULTS:

Statistical Method(s): The complete lack of sub-lethal effects and mortality precluded the statistical analysis of the data. Therefore, all toxicity values were visually determined based on the mean-measured concentrations.

 LC_{50} : >129 mg ai/L

95% C.I.: N/A

NOAEC: 129 mg ai/L

Probit Slope: N/A

95% C.I.: N/A

E. STUDY DEFICIENCIES:

There were no study deficiencies.

F. REVIEWER=S COMMENTS:

The reviewer's results were identical to those of the study authors.

The results from the periodic screening analysis of the dilution water indicated the presence of the following elements: bromide (55.9 mg/L), calcium (236 mg/L), chloride (12100 mg/L), magnesium (740 mg/L), potassium

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(290 mg/L), sodium (5600 mg/L) and sulfate (1630 mg/L).

The in-life portion of the definitive toxicity test was conducted from December 7 to December 11, 2007.

G. CONCLUSIONS:

This study is scientifically sound and classified as acceptable. The NOAEC and LC_{50} values were 129 and >129 mg ai/L, respectively. Based on the results of this study, DPX-MAT28 Technical would be classified as practically nontoxic to *Cyprinodon variegatus* in accordance with the classification system of the U.S. EPA.

LC₅₀: >129 mg ai/L

95% C.I.: N/A

NOAEC: 129 mg ai/L

Probit Slope: N/A

95% C.I.: N/A

III. REFERENCES:

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. 1993. Guideline 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test. OECD Guideline for Testing of Chemicals. Updated Guideline adopted on 17 July 1992.

- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 1996. OPPTS Number 850.1075: Fish Acute Toxicity Test, Freshwater and Marine. Series 850- Ecological Effects Test Guidelines (draft).
- ASTM Standard E729-96. 1996. Standard Guide for Conducting Acute Toxicity Tests on Test Materials with Fishes, Macroinvertebrates and Amphibians. American Society for Testing and Materials.
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 1985. Standard Evaluation Procedure, Acute Toxicity Test for Estuarine and Marine Organisms (Estuarine 96-Hour Acute Toxicity Test). Hazard Evaluation Division. Office of Pesticide Programs. EPA-540/6-85-009. Washington, DC.
- APHA, AWWA, WPCF. 1998. Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater. 20th Edition. American Public Health Association. American Water Works Association. Water Pollution Control Federation, New York.